SYLLABUS BIOL 2900 SECTION "B" Spring, 2013 Course: Microb W n BT 0 scn /TT1 1 Tf -0.001 Tc 0.001 Tw 14.04 0 0 14.0

With a focus on healthcare majors, the objectives of this course are:

- (a) To introduce students to microbiology and the vital role microorganisms play in the well-being of higher forms of life, as well as in causing diseases, mostly as opportunists,
- (b) To learn various groups of microorganisms and what makes them infectious,
- (c) To learn most common infections caused by microorganisms, and
- (d) To learn the preventive and curative measures against common infections.

SPECIAL NOTES TO STUDENTS:

- 1. In order to respect the privacy of each student, exam scores and grades will not be posted, given out by telephone, or sent to students by email.
- 2. Students are advised to consult the VSU Student Handbook, Undergraduate Catalog, Semester Calendar, Schedule of Classes, & Registration Guide for information about VSU policies and procedures regarding registration, drop/add, and withdrawal. Students are not permitted to withdraw after midterm except in cases of hardship.
- 3. Students requesting classroom accommodations or modifications because of a documented disability should contact the Access Office for Students with Disabilities, 1115 Nevins Hall.
- 4. Cell phones are to be turned off during classes and examinations.

- 5. Students are responsible for reading and following the Biology Department policy on plagiarism.
- 6. Since important concepts are explained in the classroom, missing classes may seriously impact grades.
- 7. Make-up examination or quiz WILL NOT BE OFFERRED, except under **verifiable** exceptional and unavoidable circumstance. If offered, it will be at the discretion of the Instructor, AND will not carry full earned points.
- 8. Changes to this syllabus may be made during the Semester.

GRADES:

- (1) There will be periodic quizzes, a mid-term examination and a final examination. Quizzes and exams typically consist of multiple choice, matching, fill-in blanks type of questions, including some open book. However, students may be challenged with questions that may require creative thinking and true understanding of concepts in order to answer them correctly.
- (2) In addition, there may be special assignments and projects which will be announced in the class.
- (3) Vocabulary, spelling and pronunciation of medical terms may be important parts of assignments, quizzes and examinations.
- (4) Lab. portion of testing will be merged with lectur04 (e)6 ()Tj 0.004 Tc -0.pple c t be i8(f(en)10(t)2(y)]TJ 0.004 T(20aaaaat)2(c)

Week 1		
Subject(s)	Learning Objectives	
General course information	History of Microbiology, role of microbes in	
Introduction to Microbial World	nature, well-being of other living things, science,	
Introduction to Microscopy	health and diseases. Introduction to Microbiology	
Personal and patient safety in healthcare environment	Laboratory Safety, hand hygiene	
Safety in microbiology laboratory	Proper handling and use of microscope	
Week 2		
The Molecules of Life	Characteristics of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells	
Microscopy and Cell Structure	Principles of microscopy, use of microscopes	
Use of Microscope, Practice of focusing on human blood components Practice of using oil immersion lens	Distinction of various groups of bacteria	

Week 6	
Control of Microbial Growth – Disinfection and Sterilization Demonstration of Steam sterilization and Sterility Check Gram Stain of common pathogenic bacteria	Levels of sanitization, disinfection, and sterilization under various situations
Week 7	
Diagnosis of Infectious Diseases in clinical Laboratory - Methods for the direct and indirect, rapid and slow techniques employed in a clinical Microbiology laboratory Demonstration of rapid diagnostic techniques used in a POC or ED laboratory	What is available at the disposal of clinicians to diagnose infectious diseases?

Week 12		
Clinically significant:	Introduction to Neisseria, Bacillus, and	
Gram Negative diplococci – Neisseria, Moraxella	Spirochaetes, and their impact on humans	
Gram Positive Bacilli - Bacillus, Listeria		
Spiral bacteria – Treponema, Leptospira		
Week 13		
FOURTH QUIZ	Introduction to anaerobic bacteria, and their	
Clinically significant anaerobic bacteria – Clostridium, Bacteroides	impact on humans	
Week 14		
Clinically significant miscellaneous microorganisms – Viruses,	Introduction to non-bacterial Microbial pathogens	
Parasites, Chlamydia, Mycobacteria, Fungi, Yeasts		
Etiology of common human infections:	Agents responsible for most common infections	
Urinary tract, Respiratory, Gastro-intestinal, Genito-urinary, Skin and		
Wound infections		
Week 15		